

Take Care of Your Kidneys:

How to keep your kidneys as healthy as possible after a CKD diagnosis

Your kidneys aren't very big—each is about the size of your fist—but they do important work.

They help keep you healthy by maintaining just the right balance of water and other substances, like sodium and potassium, inside your body.

Unfortunately, if your kidneys start to malfunction, you might not realize it for a long while. Kidney disease usually doesn't make you feel sick until the the kidney damage is far along.



What can I do to avoid or delay kidney failure?

The good news is that there are many things you can do to help slow progression of your kidney disease.

. One very important thing you can do is control your blood pressure. A healthy lifestyle, including physical activity and a heart-healthy diet, can help control your blood pressure and also slow kidney disease. If you have diabetes, it is also important to keep your blood sugar under control.

> Division of Nephrology Chronic Kidney Disease Program

Most Americans eat more sodium and protein than the body needs. It's your kidneys' job to filter and get rid of the leftovers 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Healthy kidneys can generally handle the workload, but if you have kidney damage, too much sodium can have a negative effect.

We generally recommend eating less sodium and more fruits, vegetables and whole grains. To reduce fats, choose lean meats and low-fat or fat-free dairy products.

Certain over-the-counter medications, including common pain medications like Advil[®] and Motrin[®] (ibuprofen), or Aleve[®] (naprosyn), can also be harmful for people with CKD. Even some vitamins, like too much vitamin C, can be harmful. If you have CKD, check with your pharmacist or doctor before trying new overthe-counter medicines or herbal supplements.

Your doctor may recommend additional changes to protect your kidneys. If lifestyle changes aren't enough to slow down kidney damage, your doctor may prescribe medications to reduce blood pressure, control blood glucose and lower your cholesterol, especially if you are over 50 years old..

Don't wait to take the first step to keep your kidneys as healthy as possible! Below are 7 things you can do to protect your kidneys. We look forward to helping you!

Smart Choices to Protect Your Kidneys

- → Work with your doctor to control your diabetes, high blood pressure or heart disease.
- \rightarrow Take medicines the way your provider advises.
- → Don't take over-the-counter medications or supplements without checking first with your doctor or pharmacist.
- \rightarrow Know your "kidney numbers"- your blood pressure, GFR, and A1c
- \rightarrow Cut back on salt. Aim for less than 2,000 mg (=2 grams) of sodium daily.
 - Some people with CKD should not eat more than 1,500 milligrams per day. Ask your doctor what he or she thinks is the right amount of sodium for you.
- \rightarrow Choose foods that are healthy for your heart.
- \rightarrow Be physically active.
- \rightarrow Keep your weight at the ideal goal for you

To learn more visit:

http://careguides.med.umich.edu/kidney

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Chronic Kidney Disease Program Keep Your Kidneys Healthy