Ptosis of the Eyelid

This material will help you understand ptosis and how it is treated.

What is ptosis?
Ptosis (pronounced “toe-sis”) is drooping of one or both eyelids. Your eyelid may droop only slightly, or it can cover most of your eye. This may make it difficult for you to see.

What causes ptosis?
Ptosis can be congenital, meaning you were born with the condition. Ptosis can also develop as you get older. The most common cause of ptosis in adults is that the skin around the eye is loose. This happens naturally as you age. It can also happen after eye surgery or after an injury to the eye. Some rare muscle and brain diseases can also cause ptosis.

Ptosis in children is usually caused by poor development of the muscle that lifts the eyelid. In some cases, children with ptosis also have abnormal eye movements or a muscle disease.

How is ptosis treated?
Your eye doctor will determine whether or not you need treatment. Treatment for adults and children with ptosis may involve surgery. The type of surgery depends on the cause and on how much the
eyelids droop. If there is a muscle or brain disease causing the ptosis, treatment of the underlying problem may be needed instead.

For more information, scan these codes with your smartphone or visit the websites listed.

http://www.kellogg.umich.edu/patientcare/conditions/ptosis.html

http://www.geteyesmart.org/eyesmart/diseases/ptosis.cfm