

# Adult Veno-Arterial Extra Corporeal Membrane Oxygenation (VA ECMO)

Your loved one is on VA ECMO. ECMO stands for: Extra Corporeal Membrane Oxygenation.

#### What do these terms mean?

Extra Corporeal: outside the body

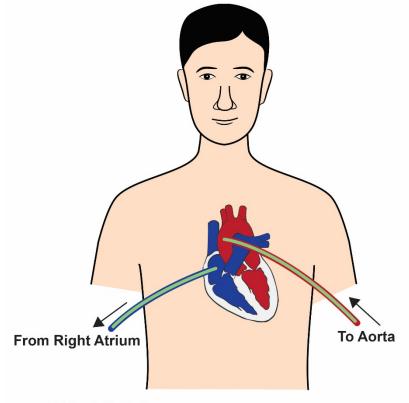
Membrane: artificial lung

Oxygenation: adding oxygen to the blood

#### What Is VA ECMO?

VA ECMO is a support system for hearts that cannot pump well on their own.

- Your loved one will have two
   ECMO tubes (cannulas). A cannula
   is a large tube that the doctor will
   place directly into the heart. One
   cannula will be in the right atrium
   and the other will be in the aorta.
   The chest may be left open and
   covered with a patch, or it may be
   closed.
- Blood flows from the right atrium cannula into the ECMO machine.



Adapted from: Heart Circulation Diagram (https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/73/Heart\_circulation\_diagram.svg) by Patrick J, Lynch, medical illustrator C. Carl Jaffe, MD, cardiologist (CC BY 2.5 (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.5)], via Wikimedia Commons

• The machine adds oxygen to the blood and removes carbon dioxide. The machine then pumps the blood through the other cannula into the aorta.

- Medications for blood pressure, or to help the heart pump better, may or may not be needed while on ECMO.
- The ECMO machine can also help sick lungs.
- ECMO does not heal the heart, but allows time for the heart to get better.

### What should I expect with ECMO?

An ECMO specialist will be a member of your loved one's care team. The specialist will check on your loved one and the ECMO machine several times a

day. They are also available anytime you need them to answer questions or concerns with ECMO.

Below are some things to expect while your loved one is on ECMO:

- Your loved one may be on medicine to make them sleep or allow them to wake up, depending on their treatment plan.
- Your loved one will have a daily chest x-ray.
- We will take blood for lab work from an IV, so there are no pokes.
- We will give your loved one medications for pain control, sedation (sleep), and blood thinning for the ECMO machine.



- Your loved one may bleed at the ECMO cannula site, any IV site, or wound. This is normal.
- Your loved one may appear swollen at times. Eventually this should go away.
- We may need to give blood transfusions, these are not uncommon.
- Your loved one's time on ECMO will vary. Every patient is different. Despite our best efforts, some people will not recover.

#### What are the risks of ECMO?

The doctor will discuss risks with you. Some of the more common risks are bleeding, infection, and potential equipment failure. We monitor for these very closely.

# What can I do to help my loved one?

This is the really hard part. There may be no changes in your loved one's condition for days or possibly weeks. We know that this is a very stressful time for you. The following steps may help you cope with having a loved one on ECMO:

- Get rest, take breaks away from the Intensive Care Unit and hospital, and eat regularly. You will need to make decisions about your loved one's medical care, which you can do best if you are rested and alert.
- Ask questions. We will answer the best we can or find you the best person to speak with.
- Interact with your loved one. You can read to them, play music, allow them to listen to or watch TV, or just talk to them. Ask their nurse about other things you can do or bring for them.

# How will I know when my loved one no longer needs ECMO?

The medical team will decide when your loved one can be taken off ECMO. As your loved one's heart gets stronger, it will take over more of the work and the ECMO support will be turned down. When we feel that you're loved one is ready to come off ECMO, they will go to the OR to have the ECMO support stopped and the cannulas removed.

# What is the mailing address for the ECMO Program?

F5850 UH South 1500 E. Medical Center Drive Ann Arbor, MI 48109-5282



www.med.umich.edu/ecmo

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